The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Progress Report

S. 192

Pursuant to section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

							For of	ficial use	
					Compa	any Numb	er 390)	
(a) Insert full name of company	Na (a) Col	me of Com		nelli	ail	wit	ed	(Poine	yh)
	ASSOCI	sted (5 CW	بعار			Limited	-
				S	ع (ره	برمح)		
(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)	I/We(t)	Alou	- TO	neles	QQ.	~			

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our receipts and payments account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Presenter's name, address and reference (If any)

St Johns Cout

Tournseus

For Official Use

M3 3EL Liquidation Section Post Room



376

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Canute Commercial Limited (formerly Associated Valuers (Consultant Sur-

Company Registered Number

3655890

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

20 October 2009

Date to which this statement is

brought down

19 October 2010

Name and Address of Liquidator

Alan H Tomlinson St John's Court 72 Gartside Street Manchester M3 3EL

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms
The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section	192 of th	ne Insolvency	/ Act 1986

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amou
		Brought Forward	0
20/10/2009 20/10/2009 13/11/2009 13/11/2009 15/03/2010	DWF Associated Valuers Sterling Relocation Central Loans BE Budsworth Re Beech Financial Man	Book Debts Funds on account of offer Book Debts Book Debts VA Dividend Receipts	323 5,175 287 184 14

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amou
		Brought Forward	0
1/12/2009	Tomlinsons	Company Search	21
1/12/2009	Tomlinsons	Vat Receivable	3
3/04/2010	Tomlinsons	Preparation of S of A	4,000
3/04/2010	Tomlinsons	Vat Receivable	700
3/04/2010	TOTTIMISONS	Vatricosivasio	

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursement	s		£ 5,983 23 4,724 51
		Balance £	1,258 72
This balance is mad 1 Cash in hands 2 Balance at ban 3 Amount in Inso	of liquidator		0 00 1,258 72 0 00
4 Amounts invest Less The cost Balance 5 Accrued Items	ed by liquidator of investments realised	£ 0 00 0 00	0 00 0 00
Total Balance a	as shown above		1,258 72

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up £

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Closure formalitites

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

3 months